

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Applicant's or agent's file reference W0 3552-dV | FOR FURTHER ACTION see Notification of Transmittal of International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below. | |
| International application No. PCT/EP 00/ 13393 | International filing date (day/month/year) 18/12/2000 | (Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year) 22/12/1999 |
| Applicant IRDETO ACCESS B.V. | | |

This International Search Report has been prepared by this International Searching Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 18. A copy is being transmitted to the International Bureau.

This International Search Report consists of a total of 3 sheets.

☒ It is also accompanied by a copy of each prior art document cited in this report.

RECEIVED

JAN 07 2002

Technology Center 2600

1. Basis of the report

- a. With regard to the **language**, the international search was carried out on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

☐ the international search was carried out on the basis of a translation of the international application furnished to this Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).

- b. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, the international search was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing :

☐ contained in the international application in written form.

☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.

☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.

☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.

☐ the statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.

☐ the statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished

2. ☐ **Certain claims were found unsearchable** (See Box I).

3. ☐ **Unity of invention is lacking** (see Box II).

4. With regard to the **title**,

☒ the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.

☐ the text has been established by this Authority to read as follows:

5. With regard to the **abstract**,

☒ the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.

☐ the text has been established, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, within one month from the date of mailing of this international search report, submit comments to this Authority.

6. The figure of the **drawings** to be published with the abstract is Figure No.

☐ as suggested by the applicant.

☒ because the applicant failed to suggest a figure.

☐ because this figure better characterizes the invention.

2

☐ None of the figures.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 00/13393

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
 IPC 7 H04N7/167 H04N7/16

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, INSPEC

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|---|---------------------------|
| Y | US 5 815 671 A (MORRISON ERIC FRASER) 29 September 1998 (1998-09-29) column 2, line 46 -column 4, line 13 column 5, line 1 -column 10, line 54; figures 2-6 | 1, 3, 4, 7-9, 13-16 |
| Y | EP 0 912 052 A (CANAL PLUS SA) 28 April 1999 (1999-04-28) column 5, line 55 -column 7, line 36 column 9, line 20-57; figures 2-4 -/-- | 1, 3, 4, 7-9, 13-16 |

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
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- *G* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

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European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
 Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
 Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Pantelakis, P

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International Application No

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C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category ° | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

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| Patent document cited in search report | | Publication date | Patent family member(s) | | Publication date |
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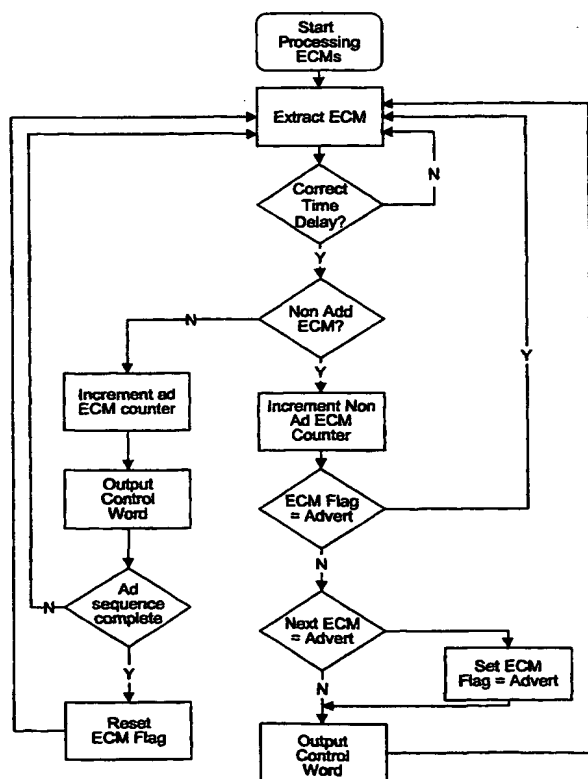
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- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): IRDETO ACCESS B.V. [NL/NL]; Jupiterstraat 42, NL-2132 HD Hoofddorp (NL).
- (72) Inventor; and
(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): WAJS, Andrew, Augustine [GB/NL]; Schotersingel 93, NL-2023 AA Haarlem (NL).
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(54) Title: METHOD FOR CONTROLLING THE USE OF A PROGRAM SIGNAL IN A BROADCAST SYSTEM, AND CONTROL DEVICE FOR A RECEIVER FOR CARRYING OUT SUCH A METHOD



(57) Abstract: In a method for controlling the use of a program signal in a broadcast system, comprising one or more broadcasters and a number of receivers, at least a part of the receivers can be provided with a storage medium for storing program signals. The program signal comprises content signals of a first and a second type, wherein the second type of content signals is inserted in time slots in the first type of content signals. At least the first type of content signals is scrambled using control words as scrambling keys to obtain a scrambled program signal. The program signal is scrambled using control words as scrambling keys and the scrambled program signal is broadcasted together with entitlement control messages (ECM's) containing the control words in an encrypted manner using a second key. Decrypting means are provided at each receiver for retrieving the control words from the ECM's by decrypting the ECM's, wherein the control words are delivered by the decrypting means for descrambling the program signal. At least a plurality of ECM's comprises control information to control the decrypting means in such a manner that at least the time slots for second type of content signals are maintained in the first type of content signals.



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patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

Published:

- *Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.*

Method for controlling the use of a program signal in a broadcast system, and control device for a receiver for carrying out such a method

The invention relates to a method for controlling the use of a program signal in a broadcast system, comprising one or more broadcasters and a number of receivers, at least a part of the receivers preferably having a storage medium for storing program signals, wherein the program signal comprises content signals of a first and a second type, wherein at least the first type of content signals is scrambled using control words as scrambling keys to obtain a scrambled program signal and wherein the scrambled program signal is broadcasted together with entitlement control messages (ECM's) containing the control words in an encrypted manner using a second key, wherein decrypting means are provided at each receiver for retrieving the control words from the ECM's by decrypting the ECM's, and wherein the control words are delivered by the decrypting means for descrambling the program signal. The invention further relates to a control device for a receiver for carrying out such a method, comprising decrypting means for retrieving the control words from ECM's by decrypting the ECM's, and for delivering decrypted control words for descrambling a program signal.

Recently audio/video devices has become available, wherein the device is provided with a storage medium having sufficient storage capacity to store hours of audio/video programs. With such audio/video devices it is possible to use a remote editing agent in the receiver to construct a broadcasting station within the device. The remote editing agent causes video and/or audio clips to be presented to the viewer in a continuous sequence simulating a broadcast service. The sequence can be determined by direct user interaction, user settings or intelligent analysis within the receiver of the user's behaviour.

In many cases, a program signal includes both content

signals (or more generally content signals of a first type) and advertisement signals (or more generally content signals of a second type), wherein selling advertisement time slots in the complete program is an important income source of the broadcaster. With the availability of audio/video devices of the above-mentioned type, the remote editing agent can use the user interaction/profile to select which advertisements should be inserted in the advertisement slots in the program signal. In this manner a broadcaster can resell the same advertisement slots to many advertisers and the advertisements can be better targeted to the viewers. This way of tuning advertisement slots to the viewer requires to add data to the program signal with flags indicating the insertion points to insert advertisements in the advertisement slots and data describing the type of advertisements and programs, respectively. However a program signal with flags to indicate the advertisement slots is open to use by unauthorized third parties which can reprogram the receivers to use the program signal provided by the broadcaster to insert their own advertisements or to remove the advertisement slots completely.

The invention aims to provide a method of the above-mentioned type, wherein unauthorized use of a program signal is prevented in an efficient manner.

According to the method of the invention at least a plurality of ECM's comprises control information to control the decrypting means in such a manner that at least the time slots for second type of content signals are maintained in the first type of content signals.

In this manner a method is obtained, wherein unauthorized use of the program signal is prevented, because the decrypted ECM's provided by the broadcaster provide control on the use of the signal, in particular on maintaining the time slots in the first type of content signal.

Preferably, the ECM's comprise first ECM's for the first type of content signals and second ECM's for the second type of content signals, wherein at least a plurality of first and second ECM's is provided with control information, wherein the decrypting means checks the control information and deliv-

ers decrypted control words of the first or second ECM's in accordance with the control information to descramble content signals of the first or second type, respectively.

The invention further provides a control device of the above-mentioned type characterized in that the decrypting means is adapted to check the control information of the decrypted ECM's and to insert a time slot in the first type of content signals as indicated by the control information.

The invention will be further explained by reference to the drawings, in which an embodiment of the method and control device of the invention are shown by way of example.

Fig. 1 shows in a very schematic manner an embodiment of a control device of the invention.

Fig. 2 shows a flow diagram to explain an embodiment of the method of the invention.

Fig. 3 shows a flow diagram to explain a second embodiment of the method of the invention.

It is noted that in the following examples the insertion of advertisements into a content signal, such as a show or a film, is described. However the invention generally relates to a method for controlling the use of a program signal, wherein the program signal comprises a first type of content signals, i.e. the show or film or the like, and a second type of content signals, for example advertisement signals, wherein the second type of content signals can be inserted into the first type of content signals under the control of the broadcaster.

In the method described the program signal that is broadcasted is scrambled irrespective whether it is a pay service or a service based upon advertisement as source of income. The scrambling is carried out in a usual manner according to a conditional access system with a key hierarchy. It is noted that the structure of the conditional access system and the descrambling/encryption techniques used are not part of the present invention. According to the invention, the conditional access system is used to manage the insertion of the advertisements into the program signal.

The control device shown in fig. 1 is adapted to oper-

ate according to a conditional access system, wherein so-called entitlement control messages or ECM's are broadcasted together with the program signal, wherein the ECM's comprise the control words or first keys which are used to scramble the clear program signal. The control words are encrypted using a second key which is available in the control device, in case of the embodiment shown in fig. 1 in a smart card 1. The smart card 1 decrypts the ECM's to provide the clear control words to a unit 2 for descrambling the scrambled content signal. The output of the unit 2 provides the clear audio/video signals. The input to the descrambling unit 2 may be a compressed signal, in which case the unit 2 also operates to decompress the signal. The input signals can be retrieved from a storage medium 3, for example a hard disk with large capacity, or directly from a demodulator/demultiplexer 4. The signals stored on the storage medium 3 may come from the demodulator/demultiplexer 4. This part of the control device is not part of the present invention and will therefore not be described further.

Both the content program signal and the advertisement signal have their corresponding ECM's inserted, i.e. content or first ECM's and advert or second ECM's, respectively. Although in this embodiment the advertisement signal is scrambled with advert ECM's, the advertisement signal may be sent in the clear or scrambled using the control word of the last content ECM. This means that it is also possible to use only one type of ECM's.

As the program signal is played back the appropriate ECM's are sent to the smart card and these ECM's are used to control the use of the complete program signal. To this end, the content ECM's may carry control information including a content sequence identifier. This control information can include information on the content and rules for insertion of the advertisement signals into the content. These rules may for example indicate specific advertisements which should be inserted into the specific content signal, for example in case the broadcaster has sold advertisement slots in specific films, shows or the like. It will be clear to the skilled person that the storage medium 3 will have stored several types of adver-

tisement signals, so that different control devices according to fig. 1 can insert different advertisements depending on user settings or analysis of user behaviour. A further possibility as a rule for insertion of different advertisements is insertion in dependence of the time of the day.

The ECM's of the advertisement signals also may carry control information including a sequence identifier. The control information may include information identifying the advertising material, information specifying how many advert ECM's there are in the sequence of ECM's that delivers control words for one advertisement and the order of ECM's. Typically, a conditional access system changes the control word every few seconds so that with an advertising slot of for example 30 seconds, there may be several ECM's per advertising slot.

The control information may further include timing information specifying a delay between ECM's. In this manner fast forwarding of the advertisements or submission of advert ECM's without actually processing the content can be prevented. The smart card 1 is provided with a real time clock and checks the delay specified by the ECM and if this delay has not passed, the smart card 1 does not accept the next or any other ECM in the sequence before the delay has actually passed. In this manner the advertising slot is enforced during the playback of the program signal.

It is noted that at least a part of the content ECM's may also include timing information in the control information, in particular in ECM's just before and after an advertisement slot to prevent a start of fast forwarding just before the advertisement slot. The sequence identifiers in both types of ECM's are used to signal the smart card 1 a jump to a new point in the program signal.

According to the method of the invention described various rules for insertion of advertisements can be used.

In an embodiment wherein only one type of ECM's are used, the decryption of an ECM can be made dependent on the decryption of a previous ECM. For example by using the sequence identifier of the ECM's a next ECM is only used to obtain the control word if the previous ECM has indeed been used. Skipping

a part of the program, in particular the time slot for advertisements is prevented in this manner. As an alternative the same result can be obtained by providing timing indices within one type of ECM's. The timing information in the ECM's will enforce a break in the normal program for insertion of the advert.

Fig. 2 shows an embodiment wherein timing is used to insert the advertisements into the content program signal. By way of example a slot of one minute of advertisement could be inserted into each five minutes of program content. To this end the control information of the content ECM's carry information to count down until the advertisement insertion slot. In the flow diagram shown in fig. 2, each ECM extracted from the program signal is checked by the smart card on timing information and if the time delay is correct, the ECM is checked on whether or not it is an advert ECM. If it is a content ECM, the content ECM counter is incremented. Depending on the count of the counter, a flag is set to indicate that an advert ECM should be extracted in the next cycles. After outputting the control word to the descrambler 2, a next ECM is extracted. If an advert ECM is detected by the smart card, a counter for advert ECM's is incremented and the output control word is provided to the descrambler 2. When the advertisement slots have passed, the ECM flag is reset to content and a next content ECM is extracted. If the advertisement slot has not yet passed, a next advert ECM is extracted.

As an alternative to the operation shown in the flow diagram of fig. 2, only the last ECM before the advertisement insertion point could have an indication to instruct the smart card to start an advertisement slot.

During processing advert ECM's, the smart card 1 ensures by checking the time delay that the delay between ECM's is such that the specified advertisement duration is maintained even if the user tries to fast forward during the advertisement slot.

As mentioned above, in this example, the content ECM's could contain control information which indicates that only specific advertisements should be inserted into the next advert-

tisement slot. The smart card will then only allow corresponding advert ECM's to be processed.

It is possible that the user of the control device switches to another channel during the advertisement slot. In order to guarantee that the advertisement is viewed, the smart card 1 can maintain a log of the program that has been watched by retrieving the program signal from the storage medium 3. When the user returns to that channel, the smart card enforces that the correct advertisement sequence is watched before the next part of program content becomes available.

In fig. 3 a flow diagram of a second embodiment is shown, wherein for both the content ECM's and the advert ECM's a counter is used, wherein the control information of the content ECM's indicates a threshold for the amount of viewing of the program content which must occur before an advertisement can be inserted. Once the threshold, i.e. a minimum amount of viewing time, has been reached the smart card 1 may be programmed such that it waits for an appropriate insertion point or immediately stops processing content ECM's until a predetermined number of advert ECM's are processed.

In this embodiment the control information of the content ECM's may also indicate the appropriate insertion point for the advertisement slot. In this manner the advertisements are not randomly inserted in the middle of a scene but only at a scene boundary for example. Of course, the control information of the content ECM's may also indicate a maximum value of program viewing time and if exceeded, the smart card 1 does not wait until an appropriate insertion point but immediately starts to process advert ECM's.

A program signal may include one or more ECM's having a decision rule as part of the control information, which decision rule provides the user the possibility to select a viewing mode with a particular entitlement to watch the content without advertisement insertion. This particular entitlement may be subscription, pay per view or the like.

As an alternative it can be guaranteed that an advertisement slot is not deleted or skipped by providing control information in the last ECM or plurality of ECM's before the

advertisement slot indicating the rate at which ECM's are allowed to be processed or the delay before the next ECM is allowed to be processed. For example, this control information instructs the control device to wait for two minutes before the
5 next ECM can be processed.

Although in the above embodiments the invention is explained when using stored content, the invention can be used in the same manner in watching or listening normal broadcast signals. The advert ECM's can be used to check whether the user
10 has not surfed to another channel. If the user did surf to another channel access to the content of the channel using the described control method, can then be denied for a predetermined period for example.

In the above-described embodiments, a control device
15 is used having a hardware smart card for processing the ECM's as in a conventional conditional access system. According to an embodiment of the invention described, the function of the smart card regarding processing of ECM's can be carried out by a software module which is executed in a microprocessor of the
20 descrambler 2. This software module is provided by the broadcaster and is downloaded over the air into the descrambler 2 and can be changed regularly to prevent unauthorised persons to reprogram the descrambler 2, for example to completely delete the advertisement slots or to insert there own advertisements.

25 The invention is not restricted to the above described embodiment and can be varied in a number of ways within the scope of the following claims.

CLAIMS

1. Method for controlling the use of a program signal in a broadcast system, comprising one or more broadcasters and a number of receivers, at least a part of the receivers preferably having a storage medium for storing program signals, wherein the program signal comprises content signals of a first and a second type, wherein the second type of content signals is inserted in time slots in the first type of content signals, wherein at least the first type of content signals is scrambled using control words as scrambling keys to obtain a scrambled program signal and wherein the scrambled program signal is broadcasted together with entitlement control messages (ECM's) containing the control words in an encrypted manner using a second key, wherein decrypting means are provided at each receiver for retrieving the control words from the ECM's by decrypting the ECM's, and wherein the control words are delivered by the decrypting means for descrambling the program signal, characterized in that at least a plurality of ECM's comprises control information to control the decrypting means in such a manner that at least the time slots for second type of content signals are maintained in the first type of content signals.

2. Method according to claim 1, wherein a real time clock is operated at the receiver side, wherein the control information of an ECM near the beginning of a time slot for the second type of content signals indicates a delay before a next ECM can be decrypted by the decrypting means.

3. Method according to claim 1, wherein the ECM's comprise first ECM's for the first type of content signals and second ECM's for the second type of content signals, wherein at least a plurality of first and second ECM's is provided with control information, wherein the decrypting means checks the control information and delivers decrypted control words of the first or second ECM's in accordance with the control information to descramble content signals of the first or second type, respectively.

4. Method according to claim 3, wherein the control information of said plurality of ECM's comprises timing infor-

mation, wherein a real time clock is operated at the receiver side, wherein the decrypting means checks the timing information of each ECM by means of the real time clock and continues to deliver control words of the ECM's for descrambling the program signal only if the timing information corresponds with the time indication provided by the real time clock.

5 5. Method according to claim 4, wherein a sequence identifier and a minimum delay which should pass before a next ECM should be decrypted are added to said plurality of ECM's as
10 timing information, wherein the decrypting means checks the time passed by means of the real time clock and continues to deliver a next control word only if the time passed corresponds with the minimum delay.

15 6. Method according to any one of claims 1-5, wherein the control information of the ECM's comprises a sequence identifier including an index number of the previous and/or next ECM's, wherein the decrypting means checks the index number of a received ECM against the expected index number, wherein the control word is only provided if the index number received
20 matches the expected index number.

7. Method according to claim 1, wherein the control information of an ECM comprises information on the insertion of the second type of content signals in the first type of content signals.

25 8. Method according to claim 3 and 7, wherein at least a plurality of first ECM's provides control information for the decrypting means indicating the decrypting means to use a plurality of second ECM's, wherein the control information may comprise timing information on the time period for using
30 first ECM's and on the time period for using second ECM's, and information on the point within the first type of content signals for inserting the second type of content signals.

35 9. Method according to claim 8, wherein the second type of content signals comprise content signals with corresponding ECM's representing various contents, wherein the control information of at least a part of said plurality of first ECM's comprises selection identifiers for allowing only a selected content signal with corresponding ECM's to be used for

insertion into the first type of content signals as second type of content signals, wherein in particular the selection identifiers select the content signal depending on the time of the day.

5 10. Method according to claim 8 or 9, wherein the decrypting means enforces the receiver to use all second ECM's corresponding to the time period indicated for using the second ECM's independent of the receiver being tuned to the corresponding program signal source.

10 11. Method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the ECM's are inserted in the program signal in synchronisation with the change of the control words used to scramble the program signal.

15 12. Method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the decrypting means is provided as a software module broadcasted by a broadcaster, wherein the software module is executed in the receivers, wherein the software module is regularly changed by the broadcaster.

20 13. Method according to claim 3, wherein an ECM of the first ECM's for the first type of content signals comprises control information to switch the decrypting means to deliver only first ECM's for the first type of content signals if the decrypting means indicate a viewing mode allowing the use of the first content signals only.

25 14. Control device for a receiver for carrying out the method according to any one of the preceding claims, comprising decrypting means for retrieving the control words from ECM's by decrypting the ECM's, and for delivering decrypted control words descrambling a program signal, characterized in that the
30 decrypting means is adapted to check the control information of the decrypted ECM's and to insert a time slot in the first type of content signals as indicated by the control information.

35 15. Control device according to claim 14, wherein the decrypting means delivers decrypted control words of the first or second ECM's in accordance with the control information to descramble content signals of the first or second type, respectively.

16. Control device according to claim 14 or 15, fur-

ther comprising a real time clock, wherein the decrypting means is adapted to check the timing information in the control information of each ECM by means of the real time clock and to continue to deliver control words of the ECM's for descrambling
5 the program signal only if the timing information corresponds with the time indication provided by the real time clock.

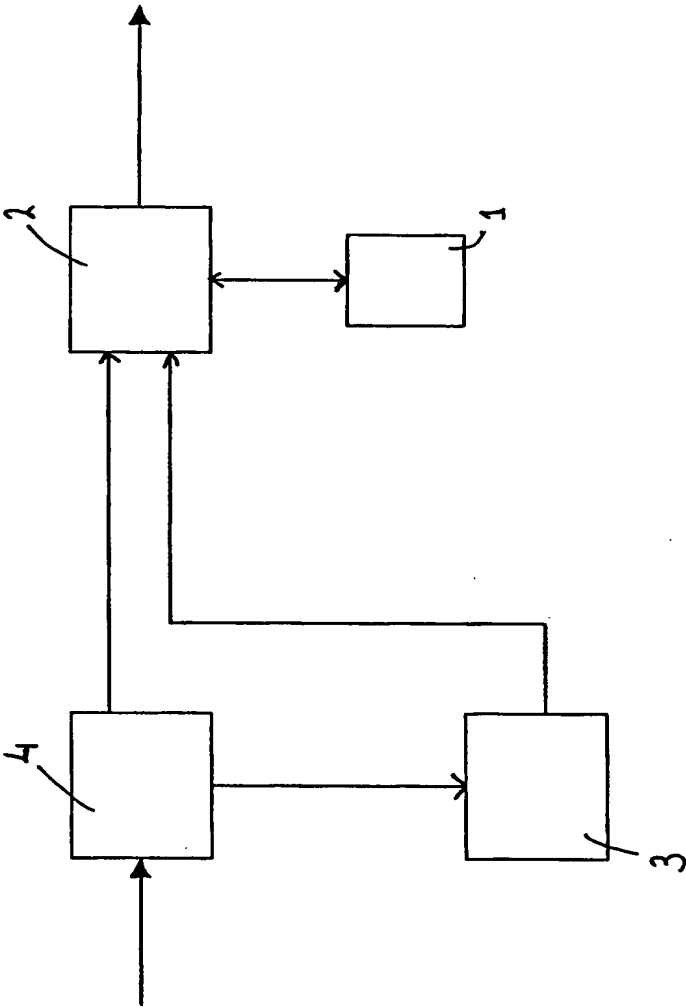
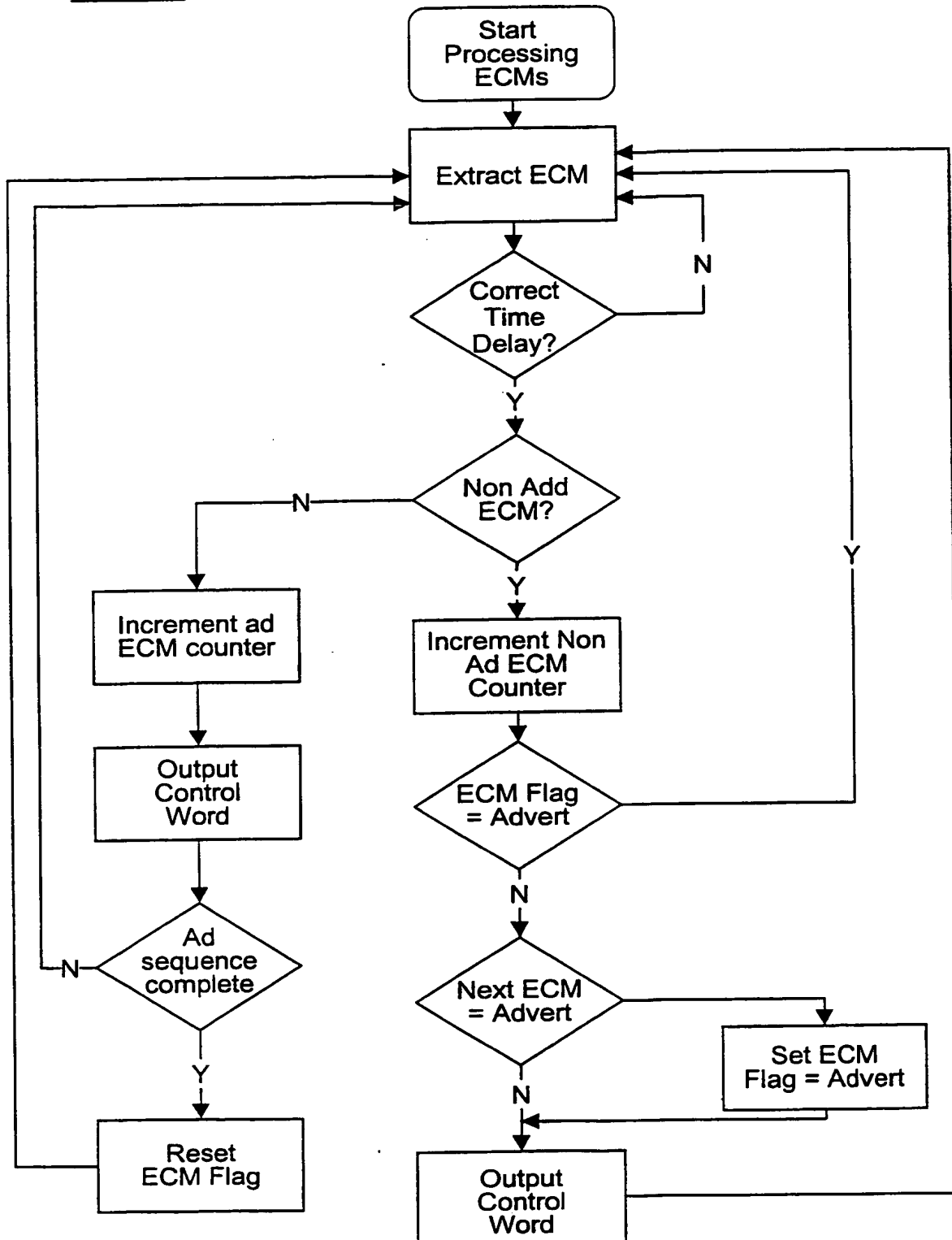
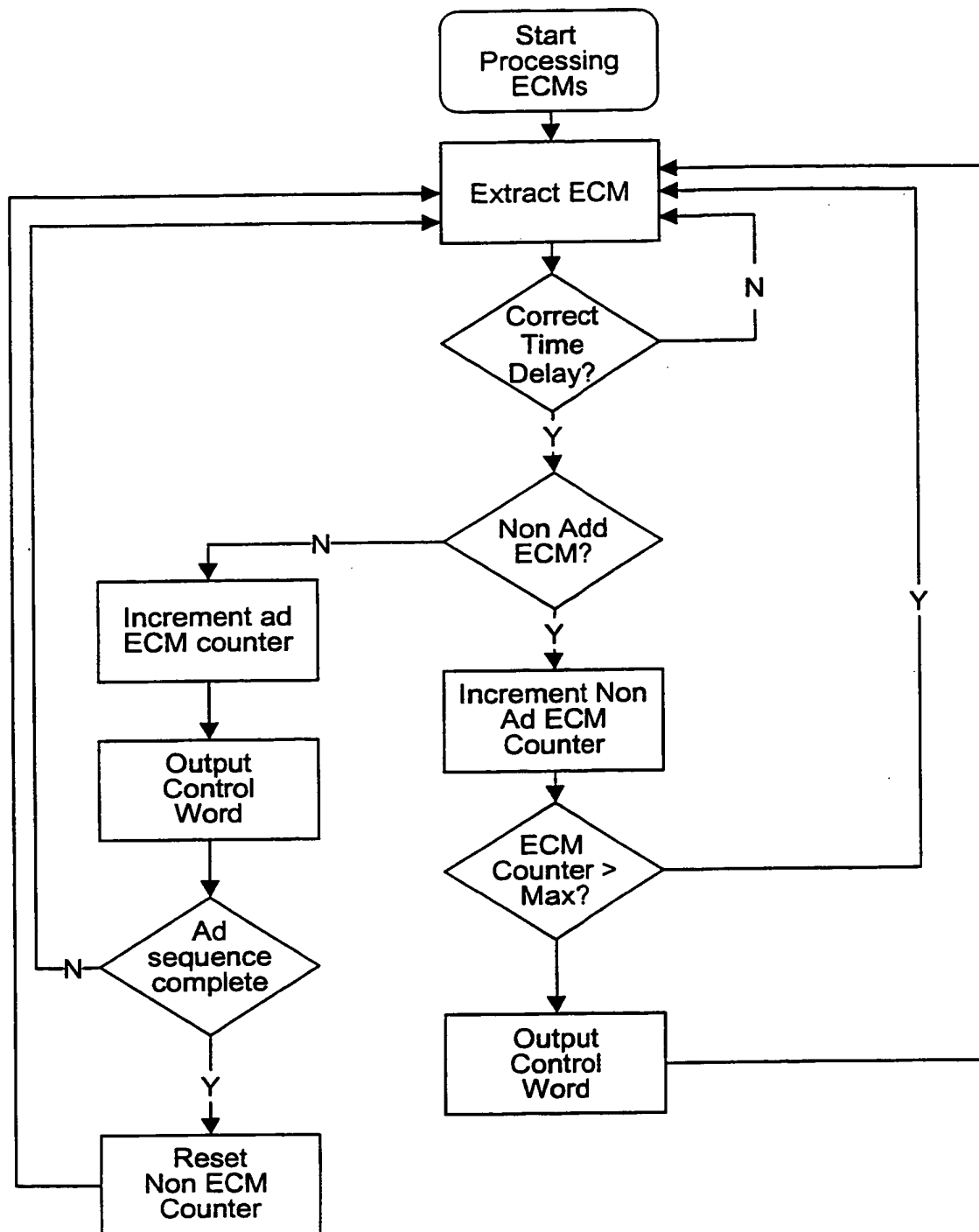


Fig. 1

Fig. 2



Fig. 3

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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): IRDETO
ACCESS B.V. [NL/NL]: Jupiterstraat 42, NL-2132 HD
Hoofddorp (NL).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): WAJS, Andrew, Au-
gustine [GB/NL]: Schotersingel 93, NL-2023 AA Haarlem
(NL).

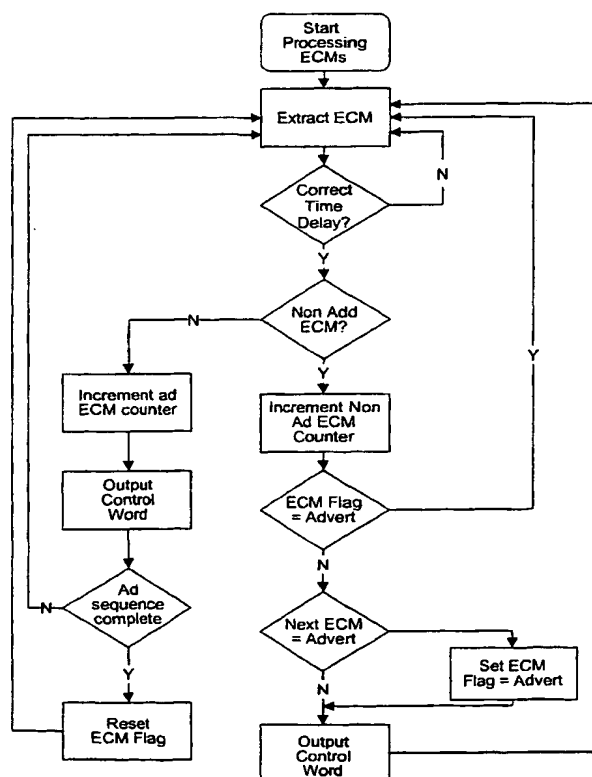
(74) Agent: DE VRIES, Johannes, Hendrik, Fokke; De Vries
& Metman B.V., Overschiestraat 180, NL-1062 XK Amster-
dam (NL).

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(54) Title: METHOD FOR CONTROLLING THE USE OF A PROGRAM SIGNAL IN A BROADCAST SYSTEM, AND CON-
TROL DEVICE FOR A RECEIVER FOR CARRYING OUT SUCH A METHOD



(57) Abstract: In a method for controlling the use of a program signal in a broadcast system, comprising one or more broadcasters and a number of receivers, at least a part of the receivers can be provided with a storage medium for storing program signals. The program signal comprises content signals of a first and a second type, wherein the second type of content signals is inserted in time slots in the first type of content signals. At least the first type of content signals is scrambled using control words as scrambling keys to obtain a scrambled program signal. The program signal is scrambled using control words as scrambling keys and the scrambled program signal is broadcasted together with entitlement control messages (ECM's) containing the control words in an encrypted manner using a second key. Decrypting means are provided at each receiver for retrieving the control words from the ECM's by decrypting the ECM's, wherein the control words are delivered by the decrypting means for descrambling the program signal. At least a plurality of ECM's comprises control information to control the decrypting means in such a manner that at least the time slots for second type of content signals are maintained in the first type of content signals.

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Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

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Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, INSPEC

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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| Y | EP 0 912 052 A (CANAL PLUS SA) 28 April 1999 (1999-04-28) column 5, line 55 -column 7, line 36 column 9, line 20-57; figures 2-4 -/-- | 1, 3, 4, 7-9, 13-16 |

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European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Pantelakis, P

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